

# Surds

# The plan...

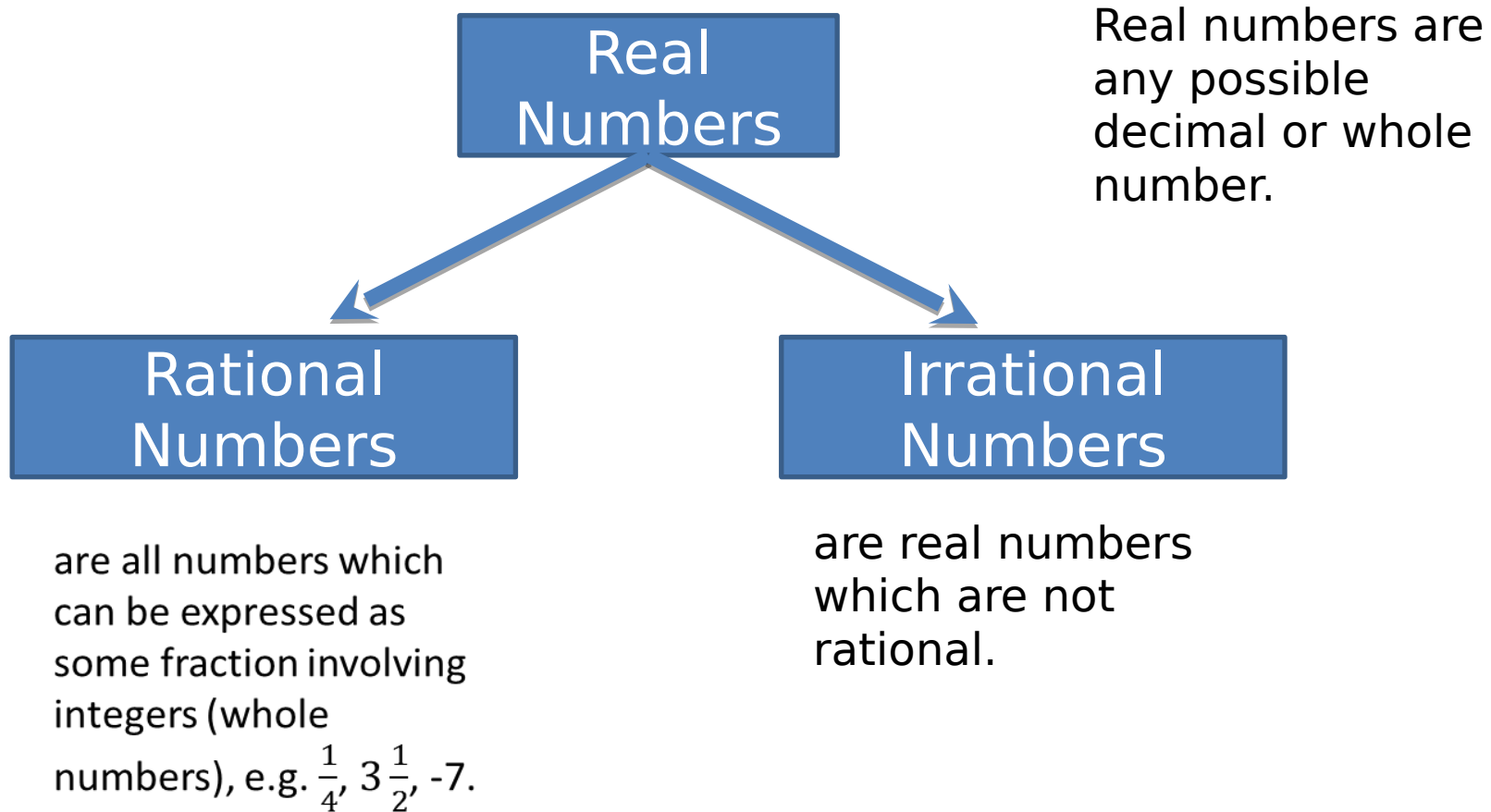
P1.4 Calculation of squares and square roots

C1.4 Calculation of powers and roots

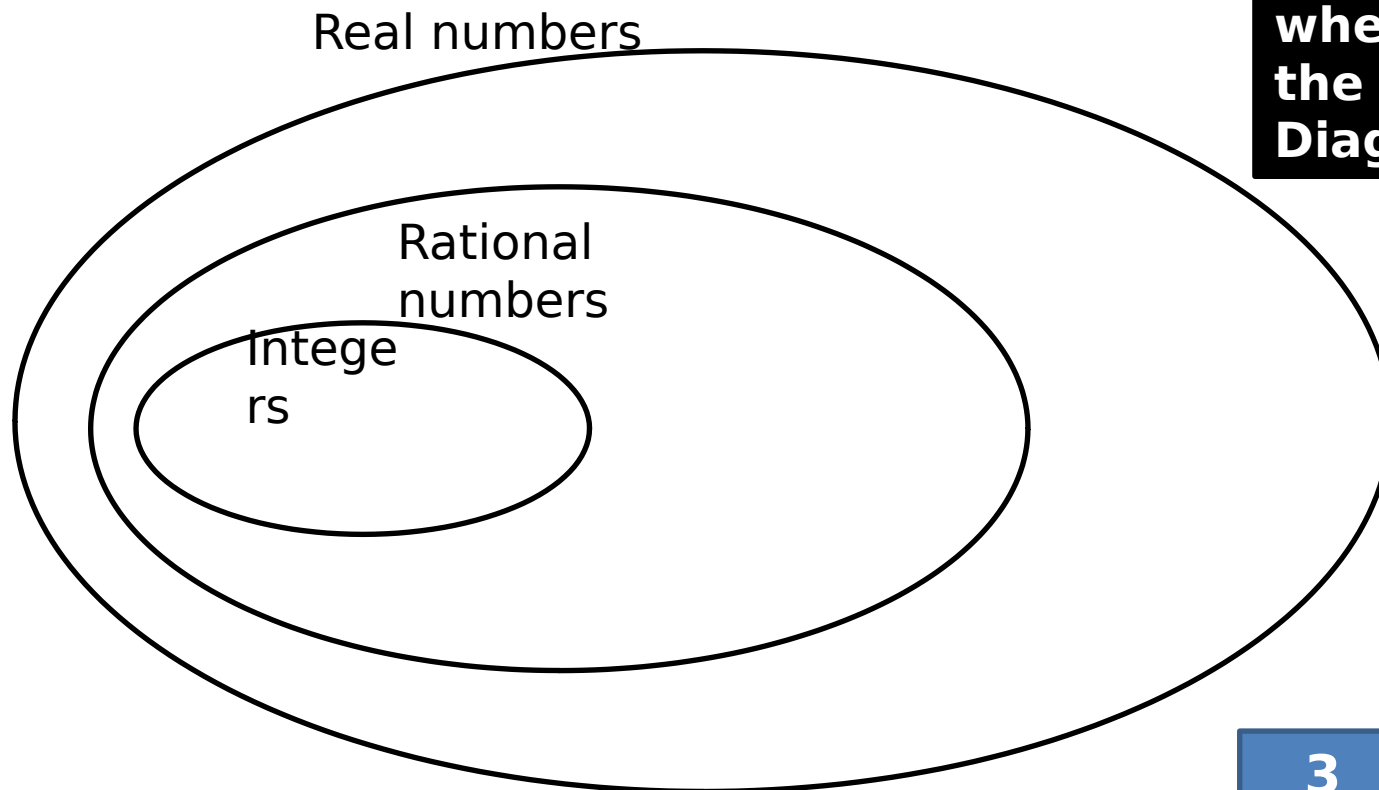
B1.10 Surds (radicals), simplification of square root expressions

A1.10 Rationalisation of the denominator

# Types of numbers



# Types of numbers



**Click each number to see where it goes in the Venn Diagram.**

3

$0.\overline{7}$

$\pi$

$1.\overline{3}$

$\sqrt{2}$

-1

$\frac{3}{4}$

$\sqrt{9}$

$e$

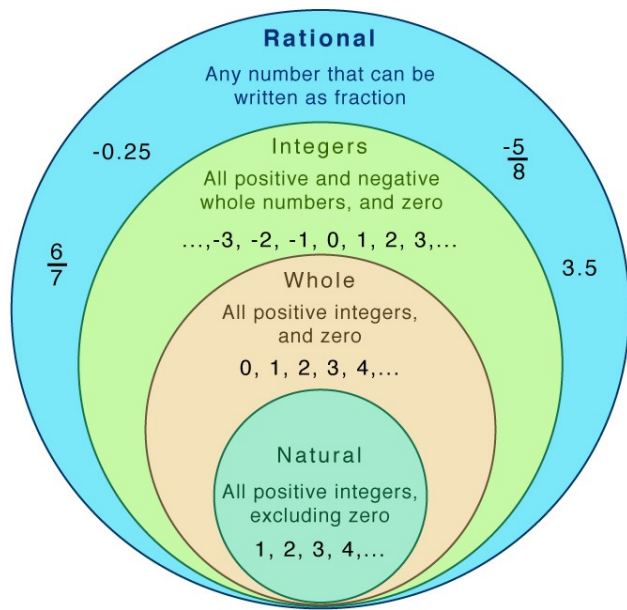
(Click the blue boxes above)

# Integers Examples

- **Negative** : -1, -2, -3, -4, -5 ...
- **Non-negative** : 0, 6, 7, 8, 9 ...
- **Positive** : 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 ...
- **Zero** : 0 all by itself

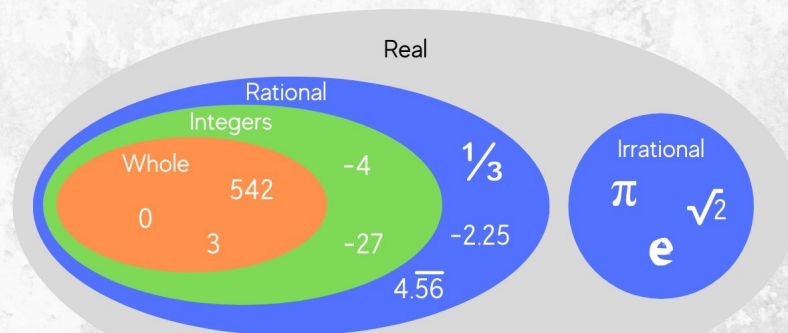
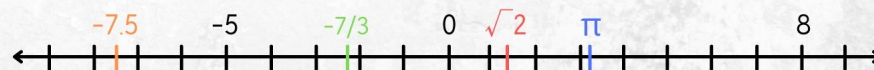
## Rational Numbers

MATH  
MONKS



# Real Numbers

A real number is any number that can be represented on a number line or by an infinite decimal expansion.

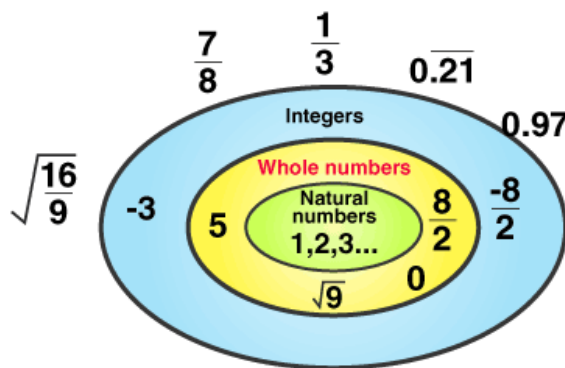


sciencenotes.org

## RATIONAL VS. IRRATIONAL NUMBERS

BYJU'S  
The Learning App

### RATIONAL NUMBERS



### IRRATIONAL NUMBERS

$\sqrt{8}$

$\sqrt{1.6}$     $\sqrt{-11}$

$\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}$     $\pi$

$0.3030030003$

Real but irrational numbers: cannot be represented as a simple

# Non-Real Numbers

## Imaginary Numbers:

If there is a negative inside the radical, then it is a

**NON-REAL NUMBER**

$$\sqrt{-25} = 5i$$

$$\sqrt{-9} = 3i$$

$$\sqrt{-18} = 3\sqrt{2}i$$

Radicals can't  
have a negative  
number  
(only  $\sqrt{+x}$ )

---

## Infinity:

Infinity is the idea of something that has no end.

$\infty$

$-\infty$

GET REAL!

BE RATIONAL!

$\pi$

$\sqrt{-1}$

# What is a surd?

Vote on whether you think the following might be 'surds' or not surds.

$$\sqrt{2}$$

Not a  
surd

Surd

$$\sqrt{9}$$

Not a  
surd

Surd

$$\sqrt{5}$$

Not a  
surd

Surd

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$$

Not a  
surd

Surd

$$\sqrt[3]{7}$$

Not a  
surd

Surd

Therefore, can you think of a suitable definition for a surd?

?



# Laws of Surds

The only two things you need to know this topic...

$$\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \boxed{?}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} = \boxed{?}$$

**Basic**

**Examples:**

$$\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2} = \boxed{?}$$

$$\sqrt{4x^2} = \boxed{?}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} = \boxed{?}$$

# Simplifying Surds

$$\sqrt{8} = \boxed{?} = \boxed{?}$$

Could we somehow use  $\sqrt{ab} = \sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}$  to break the 8 up in a way that one of the surds will simplify?

**Fro Tip:** Find the largest square factor of the number, and put that first.

$\sqrt{27} =$	$\boxed{?}$
$\sqrt{32} =$	$\boxed{?}$
$\sqrt{50} =$	$\boxed{?}$
$\sqrt{12} =$	$\boxed{?}$

True or false?

$$\sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$$

**True**

**False**

# Test Your Understanding So Far

a  $\sqrt{24} =$

b  $\sqrt{75} =$

c  $\sqrt{20} =$

d  $\sqrt{48} =$

Practise this specific Key Skill:

<https://www.dr frostmaths.com/keyskills.php?permid=118>

# Independent practice

Fully simplify:

**a**  $\sqrt{80}$

**b**  $\sqrt{125}$

**c**  $\sqrt{27}$

**d**  $\sqrt{8}$

**e**  $\sqrt{96}$

**f**  $\sqrt{150}$

**g**  $\sqrt{20}$

**h**  $\sqrt{18}$

**i**  $\sqrt{32}$

**j**  $\sqrt{75}$



In each box, find pairs of numbers that are **equal** to each other.  
Circle the number that is left over.

A

$\sqrt{12}$	$2\sqrt{5}$	$3\sqrt{2}$
$2\sqrt{2}$	$2\sqrt{3}$	$5\sqrt{2}$
$\sqrt{20}$	$\sqrt{18}$	$\sqrt{8}$

B

$4\sqrt{5}$	$4\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{27}$
$3\sqrt{3}$	$3\sqrt{5}$	$\sqrt{48}$
$\sqrt{45}$	$\sqrt{63}$	$\sqrt{80}$

C

$\sqrt{28}$	$2\sqrt{5}$	$3\sqrt{3}$
$\sqrt{32}$	$4\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{20}$
$2\sqrt{7}$	$\sqrt{27}$	$\sqrt{24}$

D

$\sqrt{40}$	$3\sqrt{10}$	$\sqrt{150}$
$5\sqrt{6}$	$\sqrt{50}$	$2\sqrt{10}$
$\sqrt{80}$	$4\sqrt{5}$	$\sqrt{90}$

E

$6\sqrt{2}$	$3\sqrt{11}$	$3\sqrt{5}$
$5\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{72}$	$\sqrt{75}$
$7\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{98}$	$\sqrt{99}$

F

$\sqrt{63}$	$4\sqrt{3}$	$2\sqrt{6}$
$\sqrt{48}$	$\sqrt{44}$	$3\sqrt{7}$
$\sqrt{18}$	$\sqrt{24}$	$2\sqrt{11}$

# Multiples of Surds

$$6\sqrt{20} =$$

?

$\sqrt{4} = 2$  and  $6 \times 2 = 12$

$$7\sqrt{12} =$$

?

$$2\sqrt{45} =$$

?

# Quick check in your tables

a  $2\sqrt{75} =$

?

b  $3\sqrt{40} =$

?

c  $4\sqrt{48} =$

?

d  $3\sqrt{200} =$

?

e  $5\sqrt{45} =$

?

Practise this specific Key Skill:

<https://www.dr frostmaths.com/keyskills.php?permid=796>



# Independent practice

Fully simplify:

**a**  $4\sqrt{32}$

**b**  $2\sqrt{45}$

**c**  $2\sqrt{27}$

**d**  $4\sqrt{50}$

**e**  $4\sqrt{48}$

**f**  $4\sqrt{27}$

**g**  $2\sqrt{18}$

**h**  $5\sqrt{24}$

**i**  $5\sqrt{150}$

**j**  $4\sqrt{45}$

4

 $\sqrt{24}$  $\sqrt{8}$  $\sqrt{2}$  $3\sqrt{6}$  $\sqrt{5}$  $\sqrt{8}$  $\sqrt{10}$  $3\sqrt{6}$  $\sqrt{20}$  $\sqrt{2}$  $\sqrt{18}$ 

X

 $\sqrt{3}$ 

=

 $\sqrt{27}$ 

X

=

X

 $\sqrt{2}$ 

=

X

=

X

=

X

=

$\sqrt{18}$	X	$\sqrt{3}$	=	
	X		=	$4\sqrt{3}$
	X		=	10
	X		=	$4\sqrt{5}$
	X	$\sqrt{2}$	=	
$\sqrt{27}$	X		=	



Multiplication squares:

x	$\sqrt{10}$	$\sqrt{6}$
$\sqrt{8}$	$\sqrt{\quad}$	$2\sqrt{\quad}$
$\sqrt{6}$	$2\sqrt{\quad}$	

x	$\sqrt{9}$	$2\sqrt{3}$
$2\sqrt{3}$	$\_\_\sqrt{\quad}$	
$3\sqrt{3}$	$\_\_\sqrt{\quad}$	

x	$\sqrt{6}$	$\sqrt{3}$
$\sqrt{12}$	$\_\_\sqrt{8}$	
$\sqrt{7}$	$\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{\quad}$	$\sqrt{\quad}$

x	$\sqrt{\quad}$	$\sqrt{\quad}$
$\sqrt{6}$	$\sqrt{48}$	$\sqrt{30}$
	$\sqrt{72}$	$\sqrt{45}$

# Test Your Understanding

a  $6 \times \sqrt{7} =$

b  $\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{6} =$

c  $\sqrt{2} \times 2 =$

d  $5\sqrt{3} \times 4\sqrt{3} =$

e  $3 \times 4\sqrt{3} =$

f  $(3\sqrt{5})^2 =$

g  $5\sqrt{8} \times 2\sqrt{2} =$

h  $2\sqrt{2} \times 3\sqrt{6} =$

Practise this specific Key Skill:

<https://www.dr frostmaths.com/keyskills.php?permid=121>

<https://www.dr frostmaths.com/keyskills.php?permid=122>

# Exercise 1

1 Simplify the following:

- a  $\sqrt{8} =$
- b  $\sqrt{18} =$
- c  $\sqrt{50} =$
- d  $\sqrt{80} =$
- e  $\sqrt{72} =$

2 Simplify the following:

- a  $5\sqrt{80} =$
- b  $2\sqrt{125} =$
- c  $8\sqrt{12} =$
- d  $3\sqrt{72} =$
- e  $2\sqrt{28} =$

3 Simplify the following:

- a  $\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{5} =$
- b  $\sqrt{27} \times \sqrt{3} =$
- c  $4\sqrt{3} \times 2 =$
- d  $5 \times 2\sqrt{5} =$
- e  $2\sqrt{2} \times 2\sqrt{2} =$
- f  $7\sqrt{3} \times 2\sqrt{5} =$
- g  $6\sqrt{3} \times 2\sqrt{3} =$

4 Simplify the following:

- a  $\sqrt{8} \times 3\sqrt{2} =$
- b  $\sqrt{27} \times 2\sqrt{3} =$
- c  $3\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} =$
- d  $2\sqrt{12} \times 3\sqrt{3} =$

5 Express the following as a single square root

(hint: do the steps of simplification backwards!)

- a  $3\sqrt{2} =$
- b  $2\sqrt{5} =$
- c  $5\sqrt{7} =$
- d  $4\sqrt{3} =$

6 Express the following as a single square root:

- a  $a\sqrt{b} =$
- b  $2\sqrt{k} =$

# Adding Surds

$$\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} = \boxed{?}$$

Think of it as “if I have one lot of  $\sqrt{3}$  and I add another lot of  $\sqrt{3}$ , I have two lots of  $\sqrt{3}$ ”.

It’s just how we collect like terms in algebra, e.g.  $x + x = 2x$

$$2\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} = \boxed{?}$$

$$7\sqrt{7} + 7\sqrt{7} = \boxed{?}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{8} &= \boxed{?} \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}3\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{27} &= \boxed{?} \\ &= \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

# Quick check in your tables

a  $\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} =$

?

b  $\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{18} =$

?

c  $2\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{20} =$

?

d  $3\sqrt{48} + \sqrt{12} =$

?

Practise this specific Key Skill:

<https://www.drfrstmaths.com/keyskills.php?permid=119>

<https://www.drfrstmaths.com/keyskills.php?permid=120>

$\sqrt{7}$

$\sqrt{5}$

$3\sqrt{7}$

$\sqrt{3}$

$\sqrt{12}$

$4\sqrt{2}$

$2\sqrt{6}$

$\sqrt{12}$

$\sqrt{54}$

$\sqrt{27}$

$2\sqrt{2}$

 $+$ 

$\sqrt{8}$

 $=$  $+$  $=$ 

$5\sqrt{3}$

$\sqrt{20}$

 $+$  $=$ 

$3\sqrt{5}$

 $+$  $=$ 

$5\sqrt{6}$

 $+$  $=$ 

$\sqrt{27}$

 $+$ 

$\sqrt{28}$

 $=$





Complete these addition squares. Simplify your answers.

$+$	$3\sqrt{5}$	$-2\sqrt{5}$
$\sqrt{20}$		
$\sqrt{45}$		

$+$	$\sqrt{54}$	$3\sqrt{6}$
$\sqrt{24}$		
$-\sqrt{6}$		

$\sqrt{6}$

$2\sqrt{5}$

$\sqrt{20}$

$2$

$\sqrt{12}$

$\sqrt{18}$

$\sqrt{5}$

$\sqrt{5}$

$2\sqrt{2}$

$2\sqrt{2}$

$\sqrt{18}$	-	$\sqrt{2}$	=	
$\sqrt{12}$	x		=	$4\sqrt{6}$
	+		=	$3\sqrt{5}$
	÷		=	2
$\sqrt{24}$	÷		=	
	x		=	$6\sqrt{6}$

True or false?

$$\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{13}$$

$$\sqrt{2} = 1.4142136$$

$$\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} = 3$$

$$\sqrt{2} = 1.414213562$$

$$\sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{36}$$

$$\sqrt{2} = 1.4142$$

$$\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\sqrt{200} = 10\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{36}}{\sqrt{4}} = \sqrt{9}$$

$$\sqrt{200} = 2\sqrt{100}$$

$$\sqrt{200} = 5\sqrt{8}$$

$$\sqrt{200} = 2\sqrt{50}$$

$$\sqrt{200} = \sqrt{20} \times \sqrt{10}$$